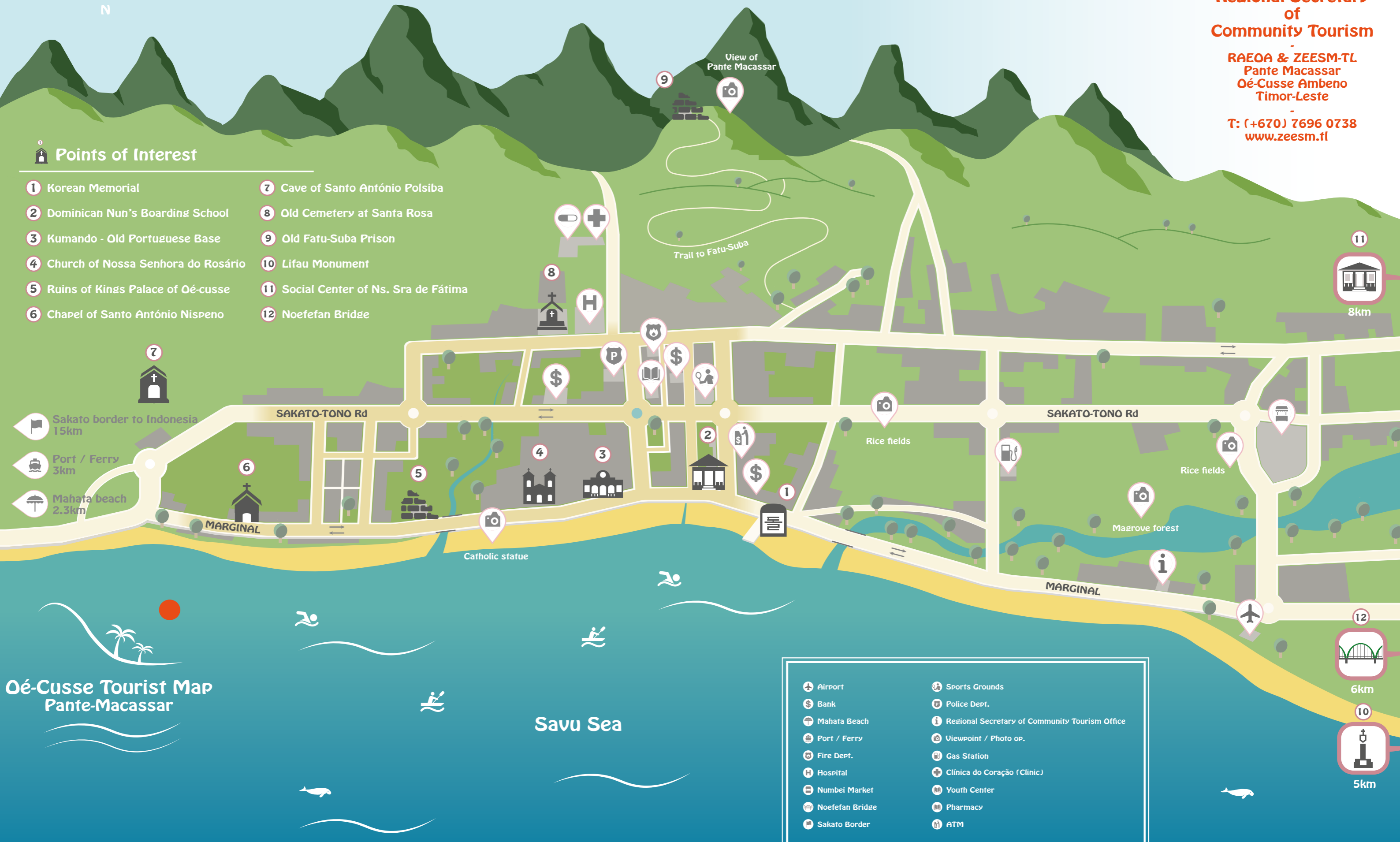




Points of Interest

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 Korean Memorial | 7 Cave of Santo António Polsiba |
| 2 Dominican Nun's Boarding School | 8 Old Cemetery at Santa Rosa |
| 3 Kumando - Old Portuguese Base | 9 Old Fatu-Suba Prison |
| 4 Church of Nossa Senhora do Rosário | 10 Lifau Monument |
| 5 Ruins of Kings Palace of Oé-cusse | 11 Social Center of Ns. Sra de Fátima |
| 6 Chapel of Santo António Nispeno | 12 Noefefan Bridge |



**Oé-Cusse Tourist Map
Pante-Macassar**

Savu Sea

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Airport | Sports Grounds |
| Bank | Police Dept. |
| Mahata Beach | Regional Secretary of Community Tourism Office |
| Port / Ferry | Viewpoint / Photo op. |
| Fire Dept. | Gas Station |
| Hospital | Clínica do Coração (Clinic) |
| Numbei Market | Youth Center |
| Noefefan Bridge | Pharmacy |
| Sakato Border | ATM |

Oé-Cusse Tourist Map



- Points of Interest
 - 10 Lifau Monument
 - 11 Social Center Ns. Sra. de Fátima
 - 12 Noelatan Bridge
 - 13 Fonte-Sagrada (Cave/Waterfall)
 - 14 Wooden Chapel (Citrana)
 - 15 Mud severs
 - 16 Leolbatan
 - 17 Tumin
 - 18 Citrana Protected Area
- ✈ New Airport
 - 🏖 Mahata Beach
 - 🚧 Border Crossing
 - 🚢 Port / Ferry
 - 🏪 Traditional Market

About Oé-Cusse:

Oé-Cusse is an enclave of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste surrounded by the Savu Sea to the North and by the Indonesian territory to the South, East and West. It is the location of the first settlement of Portuguese nearly 500 years ago, at the beach of Lifau. The coastline of Oé-Cusse extends over 48km and the size of the region is 814km². Today, Oé-Cusse has a total population of 68,913, known by the name of Atoni people. Administratively, the region is divided into four sub-regions (Pante Macassar, Oé-Silo, Nitibe and Passabe) and 18 sukus.

Historical Sites – Pante Macassar:

1. Korean Memorial: On the 6th of March 2003, five UN peacekeepers from the Republic of Korea were swept away by a strong river and lost their lives in Oé-Cusse. Today, a memorial located in the center of Pante Macassar honors the soldiers who lost their lives, while working for a better Timor-Leste. GPS: -9.198972, 124.367722

2. Dominican Nun's Boarding School: This was one of the first catholic female schools that opened in Oé-Cusse at the time of the Portuguese colonization. Now, this building, located at the center of town, represents one of the most pleasant and harmonious spaces in Pante Macassar. GPS: -9.199308, 124.368732

3. Kumando – Old Portuguese Base: This is a building located at the seafront of Pante Macassar that served as a second administration building at the time of Portuguese colonization. Now, this building is envisioned as a future cultural center of the city in its regional rehabilitation plan. GPS: -9.198611, 124.371444

4. Church of Nossa Senhora do Rosário: Located at the seafront of Pante Macassar, this church was built by the Portuguese in 1965 as a residence for the Dominican Order. The parish has a special relevance during Easter season, when a massive procession takes place to honor the statue of Senhor Morto. GPS: -9.1976123, 124.3731368

5. Ruins of King's Palace of Oé-Cusse: Throughout history, the kings of Oé-Cusse had a fundamental role within the social hierarchy of the region. Today, you can visit the ruins of the residence of the kingdom of Oé-Cusse, that was constructed during the early 1900's, located at the seafront of Pante Macassar. GPS: -9.196231, 124.376356

6. Chapel of Santo António Nispeno: The statue of Saint Anthony is currently located at this chapel. It is the second most important chapel for Catholics in Oé-Cusse, where the special celebration is held every year on June 13th, to venerate the saint. GPS: -9.1946747, 124.3811288

7. Cave of Santo António Polsiba: Located at the foot of the hill, this small parish represents a place where the first appearance of Saint Anthony occurred. Even today it is considered the most important and sacred location for Catholics in Oé-Cusse. GPS: -9.197012, 124.384793

8. Old Cemetery at Santa Rosa: The Atoni population accept death in a much more natural and festive way than many western civilizations do. This special and unique relationship with the dead and spirits is reflected in the powerful colors of the old Pante Macassar cemetery in the Santa Rosa area. GPS: -9.2032430, 124.3743358

9. Old Fatu-Suba Prison: At the time of Portuguese colonization of Timor-Leste, the Old Fatu-Suba prison was one of the most emblematic buildings in Oé-Cusse. Today, you can visit the ruins of these facilities located at the top of a hill above central Pante Macassar and enjoy a stunning sunset with a view over the town. GPS: -9.206361, 124.370778

10. Lifau Monument: Lifau marks a very important event in the history of Timor-Leste. It was in this old port where the Portuguese landed in 1515 and began more than 450 years of colonization. It was also set up, as the islands' Portuguese capital. The name Lifau itself comes from Lean Faun, meaning 'foreign people' in Baiqueno language. GPS: -9.200278, 124.321472

11. Social Center of Nossa Senhora de Fatima (Padiae): It was created in October 2003 with the objective of supporting the children whose families did not have the resources and to teach them Portuguese. Today, better known as Community Center of Padiae, the institution has expanded its services and children receive IT and sewing lessons. It also has an agricultural project and a project to reconstruct houses for people without resources. GPS: -9.247222, 124.347500

Points of interest in Oé-Cusse:

Fonte Sagrada: Known as Nu'u ba'u in local Baiqueno language, before the Portuguese colonization, was later renamed to Fonte Sagrada (Sacred Fountain/Waterfall) in Portuguese. For the community of Oé-Foko, Fonte Sagrada is a sacred place where important community rituals and ceremonies take place. At the same time the stream represents a significant water source for the community. When visiting, locals ask the ancestors for permission to enter and see the exotic waterfall. GPS: -9.244534, 124.369694

Mud Geysers: A landscape of boiling mud awaits you in Oé-Cusse's central highlands of Oé-Silo – explore the geothermal land and see how it has shaped the surrounding land today. You'll see a landscape bathed in grey mud, with geysers pouring the steam in the air, as you explore the Oé-Silo mud area. GPS: -9.362222, 124.377500

Citrana: Explore the pristine beaches of the most virgin coastline of Oé-Cusse, Citrana. On the way to Citrana make sure to stop at a good viewpoint for whale watching. Migratory season of the Baleen Whales is from October to December. In Citrana visit the Mythical Church. The Citrana inhabitants are proud of their skilled traditional fisherman and good fish, if the opportunity allows try out traditional fishing and tropical fish with locals. GPS: -9.325861, 124.094028

Tumin: In 1999, during the violent aftermath of the popular consultation that led to Timor-Leste's independence, members of the Sakunar militia murdered more than sixty inhabitants of Tumin, Quibeselo and Nibin. Every September, locals remember those who lost their lives in one of the bloodiest episodes of Timor-Leste's history by visiting the commemorative plaque located in the cemetery of the village. GPS: -9.392778, 124.356111

Leolbatan: This place represents the highest point of Oé-Cusse with spectacular views over the region. It is in Leolbatan that you can visit the statue of Nossa Senhora da Pregrinasaun, a duplicate of the statue located on Ramelau Mountain, the highest point of Timor-Leste. Both of them were created in 1965 in Italy and transported to Timor-Leste in 1996. However, the Leolbatan statue needed to wait for twenty-one years to find the ideal location to rest. Renamed by the Bishop of Dili as the "Queen of Oé-Cusse" in its inauguration last October 2017, this mountain represents an important pilgrim site in the region. GPS: -9.302361, 124.442306

Kona-bá Oé-Cusse:

Oé-Cusse sai nu'udar enklave husi Repúblika Demokrátika Timor-Leste mak Tasi Savu hela iha sorin tasi-feto no Indonézia hela iha sorin tasi-mane, lorosae no Ioromonu. Iha ne'e ema Portugés mai dahuluk besik tinan 500, iha tasi-ibun Lifau. Tasi-ibun Oé-Cusse nian hanaruk km 48 no sasukat rejiaun nian hanesan 814km². Ohin, Oé-Cusse iha populasaun hanesan 68.913, hanaran povu Atoni. Ein-termus administrasaun, rejiaun ne'e hafafhe ba sub-rejiaun haat (Pante Makassar, Oé-Silo, Nitibe no Passabe) no suku 18.

Fatin Istóriu sira – Pante Makassar:

1. Memoríal Korea nian: Iha loron 6 fulan Marsu 2003, ema nain lima nu'udar forsa dame Nasoins Unidas nian husi Korea hamate iha mota husi Oé-Cusse. Ohin, memoríal ne'ebé hela iha Pante Makassar nia sentru hana'i ba ema soldadu sira mak hamate enkuantu serbisu atu hadi'ak Timor-Leste. GPS: -9.198972, 124.367722

2. Kolégiu Feto nian husi Madres Missionárias Dominicanas: Ne'e sai nu'udar eskola katóliku ida ba feto sira mak loke dahuluk iha Oé-Cusse durante malai mutin nia tempu. Foin daudaun, fatin ne'e, mak hela iha Pante Makassar nia sentru, sai nu'udar fatin furak no laran-kmaan liu husi sidade ne'e. GPS: -9.199308, 124.368732

3. Kumando: Fatin ne'e hela iha Pante Makassar nia tasi-ibun no uza nu'udar edifísiu administrasaun daruak durante malai mutin nia tempu. Foin daudaun, edifísiu ne'e atu sai nu'udar sentru kultural husi Pante Makassar konforme ninia planu rehabilitasaun nian. GPS: -9.198611, 124.371444

4. Igreja husi Nossa Senhora do Rosário: Fatin ne'e hela iha Pante Makassar nia tasi-ibun no ema Portugés mak harii iha tinan 1965 hanesan hela-fatin ba Ordén Dominicana. Igreja ne'e sai importante tebes durante Páscoa tanba halo prosisaun boot tebes atu hana'i ba estátua husi Senhor Morto. GPS: -9.1976123, 124.3731368

5. Ruína sira husi Palásiu Liurai Oé-Cusse nian: Lihusi istória, liurai sira Oé-Cusse nian hetan papéi importante tebes iha ierarquia sosial

rejiaun nian. Foin daudaun, Ita bele vizita ruína sira husi hela-fatin ba liurai Oé-Cusse nian, mak harii bainhira sékulu da-20 hahú iha Pante Makassar nia tasi-ibun. GPS: -9.196231, 124.376356

6. Kapela husi Santo António Nispeno: Estátua Santo António foin daudaun hela iha kapela ne'e. Ne'e kapela mak daruak importante liu ba ema Katóliku sira iha Oé-Cusse, ne'ebé halo festa tinan-tinan iha loron 13 Júni, hodi hana'i ba santu. GPS: -9.1946747, 124.3811288

7. Fatuk-kuak husi Santo António Polsiba: Fatin ne'e hela iha fo-ho-oan nia hun, kapela ki'ikoan ne'e sai nu'udar fatin ne'ebé Santo António hamosu dahuluk. Ohin mós, konsidera nu'udar fatin importante no lulik liu ba ema Katóliku sira iha Oé-Cusse. GPS: -9.197012, 124.384793

8. Rate tuan iha Santa Rosa: Populasaun Atoni nian simu mate tuir dalan natural no haksolok liu duke povu sira seluk husi mundu osidental. Relasaun espesial no ida-de'it ne'e ho ema mate no klamar sira bele haree iha kór maka'as sira iha rate tuan iha Santa Rosa, Pante Makassar. GPS: -9.2032430, 124.3743358

9. Fatu-Suba: Iha Malai mutin nia tempu, komarka tuan Fatu-Suba sai nu'udar edifísiu ida ne'ebé boot liu iha Oé-Cusse. Ohin, bele vizita ruína sira husi fatin ne'e ne'ebé hela iha foho nia tutun iha sentru Pante Makassar nia aas no haree loro-monu furak lalahimar aleinde sidade ne'e. GPS: -9.206361, 124.370778

10. Monumentu Lifau: Lifau sai nu'udar eventu importante husi istória Timor-Leste nian. Ne'e hanesan tasi-ibun ne'ebé ema Portugés mai iha 1515 no hahú liu duke tinan 450 husi kolonizasaun. Ne'e mós sai nu'udar kapitál durante Malai mutin nia tempu. Naran Lifau mai husi Lean Faun, signifika katak "ema raiseluk sira" iha lian Baikenu. GPS: -9.200278, 124.321472

11. Sentru Sosial husi Nossa Senhora de Fátima (Padiae): Nia hahú serbisu iha fulan Outubru tinan 2003 ho objetivu atu fó apoiu ba labarik sira ne'ebé familia sira osan laiha no hanorin lian Portugés ba sira. Foin daudaun, hatene di'ak liu nu'udar Sentru Komunidade husi Padiae, instituisaun ne'e habelar ninia oferta no labarik sira simu klase IT no kostura. Mós iha projetu agrikultura nian no projetu atu harii fali uma sira ba ema sira mak osan laiha. GPS: -9.247222, 124.347500

Pontu interese sira iha Oé-Cusse:

Fonte Sagrada: Hatene nu'udar Nu'u ba'u iha lian Baikenu lokál, uluk Malai mutin nia tempu, tuir mai bolu fali nu'udar Fonte Sagrada iha lian Portugés. Ba comunidade husi Oé-Foko, Fonte Sagrada sai nu'udar fatin lulik ne'ebé hala'o adat no serimónia sira ne'ebé importante ba comunidade. No mós, mota ne'e sai nu'udar fonte bee nian mak importante ba comunidade. Bainhira mai vizita, ema lokál sira husu ba bei'ala sira hodi hatama no haree bee-tudak labalbain. GPS: -9.244534, 124.369694

Geiser Tahu nian: Paisajen ho tahu mak nakali hein Ita iha foho sentrál Oé-cusse nian naran Oé-Silo – esplora fatin jeotermál ne'e no haree oinsá mak forma rai ne'ebé hale'u. Ita haree paisajen mak taka ho tahu malahuk, ho geiser sira mak hasai bee-suar, konforme Ita esplora área tahu nian husi Oé-Silo. GPS: -9.362222, 124.377500

Citrana: Esplora tasi-ibun sira mak seidauk estraga naran Citrana, Oé-Cusse. Bainhira bá Citrana garante katak bele haree didi'ak baleia sira ne'ebé ba-mai. Estasaun ba-mai husi Baleia sira entre fulan Outubru no fulan Dezembru. Iha Citrana vizita Igreja Mítica. Ema sira mak hela iha Citrana sente orgullu ba sira-nia peskadór tradisional sira ho kbiit no ikan di'ak, karik iha oportuñidade koko atu bá peska husi ikan tropikal sira ho ema lokál sira. GPS: -9.325861, 124.094028

Tumin: Iha 1999, tuir mai violénsia mak rezulta husi konsulta populár ne'ebé fó ukun rasik-an ba Timor-Leste, membru sira husi milisia Sakunar oho liu duke ema nain neen-nulu husi Tumin, Quibeselo no Nibin. Fulan Setembru tinan-tinan, ema lokál sira hanoin kona-bá ema sira ne'ebé hamate durante epizódiiu ida mak violentu liu husi istória Timor-Leste nian tanba vizita plaka komemorativu ne'ebé hela iha knua nia rate. GPS: -9.392778, 124.356111

Leolbatan: Fatin ne'e sai nu'udar fatin ne'ebé aas liu husi Oé-Cusse no bele hetan vista di'ak tebes ba rejiaun ne'e. Iha Leolbatan bele vizita estátua husi Nossa Senhora Peregrinasaun, kópia husi estátua mak hela iha Foho Ramelau, fatin aas liu husi Timor-Leste. Estátua rua halo iha Itália iha tinan 1965 no mai Timor-Leste iha tinan 1996. Maske estátua iha Leolbatan prosiza hein tinan ruanuulu resin ida atu hetan fatin di'ak hodi hela. Amu bispu husi Dili bolu nia fali nu'udar "Liurai-feto husi Oé-Cusse" bainhira halo inagurasaun iha fulan Outubru tinan 2017, foho ne'e sai nu'udar fatin importante atu halo peregrinasaun iha rejiaun ne'e. GPS: -9.302361, 124.442306

Services & Accommodation / Serbisu no Fatin atu Hela sira

Tour Guides

| Tour Guide Coordinator <i>Koordenadór Matadalan</i> | Area <i>Área</i> | Phone number <i>Numeru Telefone</i> |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Marcos Elo | Pante Macassar | (+670) 77390579 (+670) 77403874 |
| Crecencia Colo Antonio Ribeiro | Fonte Sagrada Oé-Silo | (+670) 75344248 (+670) 7538 6391 |

Restaurant & bars

| Name of restaurants & bars <i>Naran husi restaurante no bar sira</i> | Phone number <i>Numeru Telefone</i> | GPS location <i>Lokalizasaun GPS</i> |
|---|--|---|
| Moxito Nia Fatin | (+670) 7704 7649 | -9.198996, 124.368041 |
| Maubere Restaurant | (+670) 7750 5024 | -9.201122, 124.368848 |
| Dominican Café | (+670) 7717 3176 | -9.200982, 124.369125 |
| Alegria cocktail bar | (+670) 7761 0000 | -9.204762, 124.36950 |
| Oé-Cusse Amasat | (+670) 77329755 | -9.191814, 124.388155 |
| Café del Mar | (+670) 7800 2486 | -9.199225, 124.368979 |
| Restorante Lacmeta Oan | (+670) 7594 8003 | -9.204099, 124.370431 |

Accomodation

| Name of Accommodation <i>Naran husi Fatin atu hela</i> | Price <i>Presu</i> | Phone number <i>Numeru Telefone</i> | GPS location <i>Lokalizasaun GPS</i> |
|---|-----------------------|---|---|
| Naran husi Fatin atu hela Oé-Cusse Amasat | 35-55\$ | (+670) 77329755 oe-cusseamasat@hotmail.com | -9.191814, 124.388155 |
| Alegria Homestay | 25\$ | (+670) 7761 0000 | -9.204762, 124.369504 |
| Hotel Inur Sakato | 35-55\$ | (+670) 7724 0151 | -9.199833, 124.367806 |
| Hotel Rao | 15-45\$ | (+670) 7741 0136 | -9.203637, 124.369545 |
| Toni Guest House | 25\$ | (+670) 7642 4587 | -9.198694, 124.379167 |
| Enclave Guest House | 40\$ | (+670) 7724 5664 | -9.211111, 124.345333 |
| Janisa Guest House | 25-45\$ | (+670) 7711 4300 | -9.202444, 124.376111 |
| Irmaos Timor Hotel | 35-40\$ | (+670) 7723 3887 | -9.203139, 124.369389 |

Basic Services

| Basic services <i>Serbisu Báziku sira</i> | Phone number <i>Numeru Telefone</i> | GPS location <i>Lokalizasaun GPS</i> |
|---|--|---|
| Police / <i>Polisia</i> (+670) 7731 2391 | (+670) 7731 3704 | -9.2023914, 124.3720338 |
| Hospital / <i>Ospital</i> | (+670) 2530027 | -9.2034899, 124.3733343 |
| Fire Department / <i>Bombeiru sira</i> | (+670) 7825 8667 | -9.2035438, 124.3710373 |
| Red Cross / <i>Krús Mean</i> | (+670) 2530039 | -9.202528, 124.334833 |
| BNU Bank (ATM) | (+670) 3321688 | -9.200722, 124.373694 |
| Banku BNU (ATM) | (+670) 2530029 | -9.200722, 124.373694 |
| Banco Nacional de Comércio de Timor-Leste BNCTL (ATM) | | |
| Banku Nasionál Komérsiu husi Timor-Leste (ATM) | (+670) 2530052 | -9.202111, 124.370722 |
| Ferry | (+670) 7711 8885 | -9.187833, 124.392056 |
| Airport / Aeroportu | (+670) 7752 4597 | -9.198618, 124.352906 |
| Regional Secretary of Community Tourism | | |
| <i>Sekretaria Rejionál husi Turizmu Komunidade</i> | (+670) 7696 0738 | -9.198972, 124.355500 |

This is a creation of the Regional Secretariat of Community Tourism, RAEOA – ZEESM TL. Pante Macassar, Oé-Cusse Ambeno, Timor-Leste. / 2017

Sekretaria Rejionál husi Turizmu ba Komunidade, RAEOA – ZEESM TL mak halo matadalan ne'e Pante Makassar, Oé-Cusse, Timor-Leste / 2017